

# The Ministry of Education of Azerbaijan Republic

# The role of ICT in elimination mobbing process in Business

Togrul Huseynov



# UNEC SABAH

Azerbaijan State Economics University



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# Abstract

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It is obvious that, job satisfaction is strongly linked to good relationships between people in workplaces of organizations. But unfortunately, some unpleasant situations can occur in workplaces, especially like mobbing. This thesis involves the ways of elimination mobbing process in business by helping of ICT. I described the elimination of such kinds of conflicts, mobbing by improving communication between employees, employers with the helping of Information and Communication Technologies. The main objective is to create effective workplace communication in order to prevent mobbing process and other conflicts, and to improve Information and Communication Technologies tools in businesses.

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# Introduction

# 1.1Background to the study

Mobbing which exists in social life and working life from past to present; the prevalence of other forms of violence and the difficulties in defining the concept have not emerged. Nowadays, the main reason for this debate is to increase the individual awareness of the employees and to provide the developments in the regulations which contain criminal sanctions.

In addition, in the recent years we live in the information age, physical labour has lost its weight and replaces the intellectual labour; forehead

The increase in the level of competition and stress caused the mobbing phenomenon to become more widespread. So in organizations, it can be used Information and Communication Technologies (ICT) tools in order to eliminate mobbing process in business.

Today's business world has been highly influenced by Information and Communication Technologies (ICT) and the application of ICT among business is common. ICT are quickly changing global production, work and business methods, strategies and trade and consumption patterns in and between enterprises and consumers. The modern economic environment which is governed by hypercompetition, globalization, knowledge and information revolution has revolutionized the way business is directed.

Technological innovation has composed substantial interest among researchers and practitioners in recent years. Over the last few years, ICT such as computer terminals, e-mail and the Internet and their computer programs have become the important drivers of invention of new things, growth and social change. Furthermore, as the OECD points out (OECD, 2010), in times of crisis there must be a focus on the contribution of ICT to innovation and growth. But although interest in this subject has grown essentially, research on the significance of the combination of organizational change together with technological innovation has been less common.

# 1.2Objectives of the study

In most of countries, organizations use technological innovations to eliminate and reduce unpleasant actions such as mobbing, bullying, etc. This study was conducted to find the ways to resolve such kinds of conflicts in workplaces by the Information Communication Technologies. In today's world, the nature of work has changed. Productivity, inspiration, work fulfilment and individual relations are vital for work execution. Within the past, the centre was fair on earning money. These days, mental issues, particularly mobbing, are unavoidable parts of work, especially within the developing nations where they are concern almost social and passionate prosperity of their representatives, other than the physical enhancement. Competition between representatives is another vital issue which can lead to antagonistic and untrustworthy activities between managers and workers.

The first objective was to assess prevalence of mobbing. The second objective is to find out ways of elimination mobbing process by the ICT tools. The third objective is to create effective workplace communication in order to prevent mobbing process and other conflicts.

# **1.3 Thesis structure**

Content of this thesis is divided into 5 sections. The first part is an introduction of the study. The second part explains the functions and benefits of Information and Communication Technologies in business fields and overview of ICT. The third part involves the ways of solving problem by helping of ICT and impact of it. The fourth part includes perspective of ICT in our country-Azerbaijan. And at last, the fifth part is about conclusion of dissertation.

# 2. OVERVIEW OF ICT USE IN BUSINESS2.1 ICT as an integral part of modern life

# **ICT- Information Communication Technologies**

In 21th century we can hear this word everywhere. This term was become famous by innovation especially computer technologies and invention of internet network. Today most of people use ICT. There are a lot of reasons why it's so popular among people. First of all there are enough programs that you can use in order to keep in touch with your friends even between two continents, second, in work place the usage of computer technologies helps employees to do their job more efficient, effective and in less time rather than old forms of work.

With the help of usage of ICT technologies human being can research urgent information among network pool which require only network connected laptop.

Generally, organizations define ICT in different ways. Some of them was given below.

According to UNESCO ICT is the scientific, engineering and technological disciplines, management techniques that helps to transmit information between men and machines.

Digital video technical Glossary defines ICT as, it is the communication, computing, calculating facilities that support learning, teaching and variety of activities about education. The UK National Curriculum document made in 2000 identifies ICT as, some kind of technologies that used to access, transfer information and help communication.

# Information

Information is some data that is valuable and precious for community. It can be received by research, reading, learning and contacting, keeping touch with others. Information is useful and significant to fulfill our daily tasks. Information can be transferred by technologies such as computer, mobile phone, television and etc.

# Communication

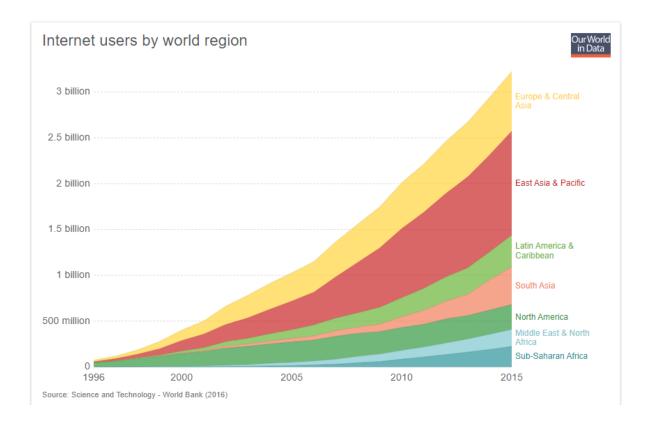
Communication is basically around changing information between two or more people. It's fundamental in arrange to pick up relevant information. Modern world communication can be take put by utilizing gadgets that have web association and you'll contact together with your peers by composing a few images or letters. There's also a few social programs that made communication more effective.

# Technology

It is the item that makes a difference users to urge vital and significant data and communicate with other ones. Innovation has critical part in present day life. In add up to the term ICT characterizes a few sort of advances that are utilized for getting data, trading that data with others or fair for communication.

The ICT has the major part in existence environment of present day individual. Such because it has vital portion in instruction, keeping money, industry and ecommerce. For occurrence, such advances boosts the economy. In e-commerce it accumulates online buyer and vender in one location. E-bay, Amazon, Ali Express can be case of it.

# Modern trend of ICTs



According to the statistics collected from World Bank obviously shows that the total number of World's population by internet usage is increasing. From the diagram we obviously see that in East Asia and Pacific region the number of internet users is increasing more quickly than other regions.

# 2.2 Use of computers

Not as it were businesses use computers to execute distinctive capacities, they too use numerous distinctive sorts of computers to execute these capacities. Those capacities incorporate laptops, PCs, servers, and indeed smartphones. Since of computers, concepts such as adaptable working plans and farther work strengths have gotten to be conceivable – permitting representatives to work from wherever they need and at anything times they wish.

Computers Are Used for Communication

When it comes to setting up contact with clients, computers are a critical apparatus; they are moreover critical when it comes to keeping that contact. This can be a really critical computer application in trade, permitting a commerce to communicate with its clients by e-mail, IM, Skype, collaboration computer program, and through different other communication arrangements that a trade might wish to use. When a commerce is able to contact with its clients, it gets to be less demanding for the clients to form investigation of the business or to inquire for more data almost the administrations and items that trade offers, it moreover gets to be simpler for the trade to offer client back to its clients in a well-timed, proficient and successful way. The business will moreover can keep the clients overhauled approximately any modern improvements concerning the business.

Communication goes over a business' clients. A business too should communicate and contact with its workers, and computers play a crucial part, instead of have time-wasting one-on-one gatherings with workers, directors can basically mail their representatives or they can message them on any other permissible communication stage. This economizes time, and it too progresses the inner communication of the trade.

Computers Are Used for Marketing

Computers permit a business to perform a assortment of assignments. For beginners, with the assistance of the web, computers offer assistance put a trade on the outline. With a computer, a business's group of IT designers can make a proficient site actualize with pulling in design and substance with distinctive shapes of media, such as content, pictures, and recordings, so they are able to do look motor optimization – SEO – for the site so that it shows up conspicuously in Google's look comes about, which at that point draws in activity, which, eventually, will permit the commerce to offer these items to site guests.

With a offer assistance of computers, a business is able to form and execute whole promoting campaigns that span over each social media stage on the web and web presence. The business can make advertisements to run on websites and social media stages, utilizing uncommon computer program, and it can moreover purchase showcasing administrations from other businesses – all associated to the web. The computer is most likely the most excellent showcasing gadget ever built!

### Computers Are Used for Accounting

Accounting could be a work in which accuracy is of the nearly importance. Once you carry out accounting capacities – and you have got nothing but write and paper - and you're depending exclusively on brain control, you uncover yourself to blunders. Accounting program makes a difference maintain a strategic distance from that from these sorts of actions. Accounting program permits a business to rapidly and precisely collect huge- and small-scale pictures of the company's monetary position. All the representatives ought to do is to input his monetary data into the program and – with some clicks – the representatives are mindful of everything almost the budgetary circumstance of the business' monetary operations.

Computers are too basic for assignments such as invoicing clients; keeping up information approximately debtors and creditors; calculating finance, calculating and recording charge shapes, as well as for numerous such other functions.

With the computer, accountants can presently center on the higher level picture of a business's funds, clearing out the lower level stuff to the machines.

### Computers Are Used for Storage

Businesses have come a long way from the period of recording cabinets much obliged to computers. In spite of the fact that a recording cabinet will involve a really huge space but will store as it were a little sum of data, a computer will involve as it were a fraction of that space but it'll store thousands of times the sum of data. With computers and servers, businesses are able to store and sort millions of records, to empower the trade to get to at any time.

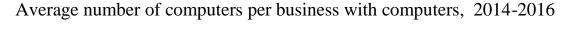
Computers too permit a business to store its information totally different ways. The trade may store the information in a central area, and it seem have other computers on the network access the information at whatever point the commerce should ; when the trade has the consent to; or, when the commerce might store the information locally on person computers.

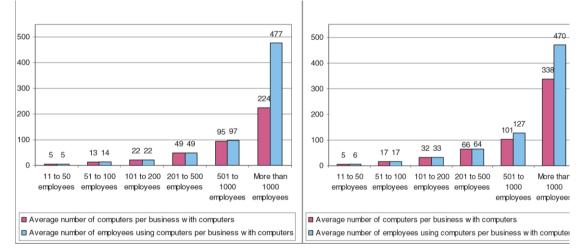
Not as it were is computerized storage much bigger than physical capacity in terms of capacity, but it is additionally much more productive since of the level of sorting that takes place, which is one of the most prominent benefits of the computer. Digital storage is too more secure, because it is more troublesome to lose or take records from a well-protected database.

### Computers Are Used to Produce Documents

Numerous businesses will need to deliver incalculable archives, either within the shape of written records or spreadsheets, so computers guarantee word processors and spreadsheet program to assist with this. With these two sorts of program, a commerce is able to form for all intents and purposes everything, from memos to letters to instructional exercises to reports to advertisements for the company's administrations and items or company events.

With spreadsheet applications, a business has the control to administrate alphanumeric information and organize it into tables, charts, charts, and reports. Another kind of program that businesses make utilize of is introduction computer program. With introduction computer program, a trade can make slides for introductions, either inside ones or outside ones implied for clients. Businesses can also make letters, memos, and reports, utilizing word handling program, either for payment to the client or for inside use. In common, a computer has various of efficiency computer program that a trade is able to utilize to form its capacities less demanding; typically computer program that empowers a trade to be much rapidly and more successful that it was as it were 15 or 25 a long time ago.





# 2.3 Use of Internet and web presence

For numerous proprietors, it would be incomprehensible to suppose running a company without the web. However for others, the conceivable outcomes it empowers are anything but self-evident.

# **Increased Presence**

Fair a few a long time prior, having a strong nearness online might deliver businesses an edge over the competition. The world is much diverse today. But presently, on the off chance that you are doing not exist online, you clearly do not exist for numerous potential clients. Indeed brick and mortar shops are imperceptible to individuals who are more likely to see down at their phone than to see up and down a road to discover what they need. On the off chance that you do not have your business showing on Google Maps, you'll discover individuals driving past you to urge to a competitor they erroneously accept is closer.

A comparable issue is the commerce on Google Maps, but the proprietor hasn't claimed it however. Destitute client audits that the proprietor has cleared out unanswered may cripple a commerce.

Inexpensive, Laser-Focused Marketing

Billboards, TV and newspaper advertisements all have their preferences, but they share two drawbacks that are tall costs and a need of exactness in their groups of onlookers. You essentially pay to be seen by a parcel of individuals within the trust that a few of them will be fascinated by your item. Web showcasing empowers you to target particular sorts of prospective customers with customized advertisements. If you sell men's observe, you'll be able get your advertisements before men of specific ages, or those who have appeared an intrigued in shopping for observe, by this you'll be able quick and cheaply change your advertisements to reach distinctive socioeconomics and sorts of population. Social media stages like Facebook, Instagram and YouTube all offer advancements, as do Google and Bing, where you'll have your location appear up when anybody looks for specific words you select. Once people reach your location, you'll endeavor to offer to them instantly, or welcome them to put through your mailing list, where you'll utilize emails to continue to court your point of view client.

# **Increased Sales**

Often, hand-in-hand with web marketing comes online sales. Any trade that isn't making its items accessible for sale online is lost a progressively huge parcel of the pie chart. Businesses can offer straightforwardly from their possess websites or utilize other administrations, like eBay, Etsy or Amazon, which is as of now the biggest online marketplace. In 2018, the U.S. Census

Bureau assessed that retail e-commerce sales accounted for nearly 10 percent of all retail deals within the Joined together States. Amazon alone accounts for approximately 50 percent of online sales, with income over \$258 billion. Roughly 70 percent of these sales are through thirdparty sellers, counting little businesses that offer their items through Amazon.

Decreased Costs and Increased Productivity

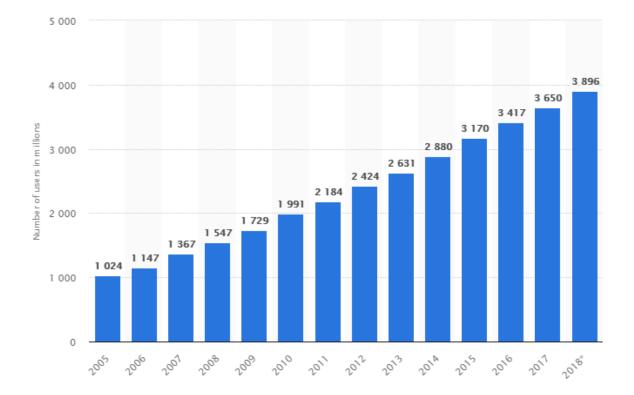
Compared to a paper-based commerce, a company that employments the web will spare cash and be more proficient. Invoices can be made and messaged nearly momentarily at exceptionally moo fetched, compared to printing them out and mailing them. With an internet enabled commerce demonstrate, representatives can work from domestic – or from a lodging on the other side of the nation when they something else wouldn't be accessible. It's too exceptionally simple to investigate your competitors and to investigate unused trade openings online. This isn't constrained to

Google looks. Suppliers and wholesalers can regularly provide you progressed a nd detailed information on market patterns online that are always overhauled – data which will take weeks or months to seem in a distributed bulletin or exchange journal.

Using the Internet as a Service

A developing number of little businesses are re-examining how they offer web get to their clients onsite. To start with, for numerous clients, free wi-fi get to at places like coffee shops and eateries is for all intents and purposes taken for allowed nowadays. Settings that do not offer this benefit are likely to see a few clients attending to competitors instead. Beyond this, in any case, a few businesses are tapping into this as an interesting opportunity to form a more profound bond with their clients by customizing the entrance they utilize to get to wi-fi. When clients log into the wi-fi, they get extraordinary offers, later news

and customized proposals for items they may be fascinated by. A few stores, counting Starbucks, indeed offer music and curated playlists to their clients whereas they're onsite.



This statistic gives detailed information on the overall number of web users worldwide from 2005 to 2018. As of the foremost recent reported period, the number of web presence users worldwide was 3.9 billion, up from 3.65 billion in the next year.

Easier access to computers, the modernization of nations around the world and an expanded utilization of smartphones has given individuals the opportunity to use the internet more regularly and with more comfort. But internet penetration regularly relates to the current state of development regarding communications systems. As of December 2017, there were about 772 million total internet users in China and 312 million total internet users in the United States. But broadband internet usage is not equally present in numerous nations and according to infrastructure reasons, developing online markets rely strongly on mobile connections. Subsequently, global mobile data traffic is set to surpass 77 exabytes per month in 2022, up from 11.5 exabytes per month as of 2017.

# **3. THE ROLE OF ICT AGAINST MOBBING**

#### 3.1 Workplace Victimization: Mobbing

Wide acknowledgment of the working environment environment which is for the most part composed physical, social and mental components have impact on employees' physical and mental wellbeing as well as organizations' execution and viability. Work environment ought to be secure and sound positive and supportive, which empowers representatives to create best utilize of their abilities and empowers them to perform more productively. In reality, employees' well-being, fulfilment and execution have been found to be impacted by psycho-social environment of work organization (Franco et al., 2000). Based on inquire about conducted by Stallworth for making such work environment, physical and behavioral components ought to be considered. It is by and large realized that the physical plan and the work environment natural conditions play a crucial part in organization's productivity. The study conducted by Haynes (2008) outlined that the improvement within the physical plan increment efficiency and execution. Agreeing to when human needs are considered, representatives work more proficiently. It is additionally contended that secure and solid working environment condition influences employees' work execution.

The behavioral environment may be a key figure of efficiency level which associated to employees' communication, and the impression the working environment environment can have on individual's activities. Haynes (2008) examined that the behavioral environment speaks to the two fundamental components namely interaction and diversion. Directors moreover need to spur their workers to have great and beneficial connections with individual this way to carry out work in great conditions; workers require a positive environment counting collaboration and shared connection which is the key of organization's victory, destitute collaboration makes negative working climate, and thus comes about in work environment victimization.

Over the past two decades, with the increment in rate of negative behavior at working environment, ponders on working environment victimization have expanded altogether around the world. Concurring to Einarsen et al. (2011), who wrangled about that indeed a 10% predominance of work environment victimization warrants solid consideration, in spite of the fact that a few other investigates contend that nearly 95% of workers experienced bullying behaviors within the work environment over a 5 year period (Fox, 2005). Work environment victimization portrays precise animosity and antagonistic vibe in working environment such as badgering, bullying, mobbing and passionate manhandle.

Bullying which recognized in 1990s has pulled in researchers' consideration all through the world particularly in Europe. In spite of the fact that a few books and studies wrangle about results of working environment mobbing such as mental trouble, physical ailment, and career harm, however national and worldwide scholarly ponder started as it were as of late. Given the predominance of work environment mobbing, its negative impact on casualties and accentuation of European nations such as Sweden, Norway, and Finland for applying preventive exercises against work environment bullying, consider on bullying begun to be more common in other nations (Mueller, 2006). Mobbing could be a more efficient shape of bullying carried out by a mob or group of individuals. In any case, bullying may be a behavior that can be executed by a single person. In reality, Westhues (2006) wrangled about that the terms bullying and mobbing have been utilized traded. Rigby (2002) famous

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more ponders based upon dependable, solid, and experimental examinations are required with respect to the relationship between wellbeing status and inclusion in bully-target issues. This ponder illustrated a relationship between activities and inclusion of bullies, targets, and the environment of the organization when measuring bullying and efficiency.

### **3.1.1 Definition of Mobbing**

Work environment victimization was to begin with presented by Heinz Leymann and Bo-Göran Gustavsson in 1984 (Leymann, 1996). Starting with Leymann's discoveries, the issue begun to induce significant logical and societal consideration in Europe, to begin with in Sweden and the Nordic nations than within the rest of Western Europe. The definition given by Leymann is still substantial and fundamental nowadays: mobbing may be a unfriendly, -unethical communication and behavior of one person or of a gather coordinated towards one or a little number of people who due to the orderly negative acts – at slightest once a week for at slightest six months – gets to be incapable to guard himself. As a result of such behaviors the target may involvement genuine wellbeing and social hurts (Leymann, 1996). There has been common understanding on fundamental definition of mobbing presented by leymann among analysts. In any case, they included unused components to standard definition. Einarsen (1999) completed the concept with the discernment component: the coordinated behavior must be seen by the target as threatening and mortifying. Vartia (2001) demonstrated that not the entirely characterized term and recurrence but the precise nature of negative acts is destructive. Analysts report the taking after obliterating impact of mobbing: psychosomatic indications, misery, moo self-confidence, weakening of family connections, and changeless work misfortune.

The wonder of mobbing alludes to —emotional abuse", was characterized by Einarsen (1996) when one person is assaulted by one another (or more) regularly

and over long period of time and the one beneath assault will feel defenseless and defenseless (Laymann, 1996). Based on Davenport et al. (2003) mobbing is characterized as negative activities within the shape of physical viciousness or verbal manhandle which has negative result on mental wellbeing and well-being of casualty. It influences organization and employees' work efficiency. Leymann (1984) depicted mobbing as threatening and deceptive behaviors by one person toward another person which happens habitually and over long period of time.

Bullies are characterized as person who more than once utilize negative activities such as verbal or physical viciousness against casualties. Concurring to Seals and Youthful (2002), bullying changes from forceful shapes to more detached shapes as children get more seasoned.

Agreeing to some researchers, person uncovered to disdainful or exclusionary activities will lose their self-esteem and proficient notoriety. The most reason for such behaviours is to evacuate the casualty from organization. Inquire about considers within the range of mobbing behaviours appear that representatives who endure mobbing behaviours encounter biological and mental wellbeing issues. Einarsen and Raknes (1997) conducted a study that said that 22 % of representatives who uncovered to mobbing behavior within the working environment involvement passionate hurt, mental trouble, and physical ailment subsequently.

# 3.1.2 History

The first study of working environment bullying was distributed fair over 20 a long time back in 1990 by Heinz Leymann. Leymann (1990) outlined in his consider that the bullying behaviours which he had investigated within the play area were essentially clear within the working environment. Einarsen et al. (1994) along these lines examined work environment bullying in Norway and found that bullying was in fact a predominant marvel in organizations. Olweus

was the primary analyst begun to ponder around bullying behaviours in Swedish and Norwegians school in 1970 and assessed the frequency of bullying behaviours in children.

Andrea Adams, a British broadcaster and writer, was the primary individual who reported the consequence of grown-up bullying within the work environment within the Joined together Kingdom and its dangerous impact on people's lives and health, so Rayner, and Cooper (2002) also conducted a study around bullying within the Joined together Kingdom which was the foremost later large-scale and comprehensive report of work environment.

# **3.1.3 Types of Mobbing**

3 types of mobbing can be categorized depending on the power of victims and offenders. They are horizontal, up-down and down-up mobbing.

1. Horizontal Mobbing: When mobbing happens between co-workers at the same hierarchical level and it is called horizontal mobbing.

2. Up-down Mobbing: This type of mobbing happens when a superior harasses one of her/his subordinates.

3. Down-up Mobbing: Down-up mobbing occurs when a worker or a group or workers harasses his or their superior.

# 3.2 ICT and "Smart" Conflict Resolution

In later a long time, we have seen a quick development of "disruptive technologies" which delivered exceptional effect on social, financial and political frameworks. What begun with portable web and nanotechnology is taken after by 3D printing, counterfeit insights, the Web of Things and other innovations that alter human communication in new ways. Whereas it has been frequently utilized to cause or improve clashes, innovation too permits unused openings to oversee, change and resolve clashes.

To include the interface between innovation and struggle determination, an inventive approach would utilize a mechanical demonstrate. The "Internet of Everything seem serve as a system to "disrupt" struggle determination and analyse it agreeing to people, process, data and things.

People: The mechanical age presented unused capable performing artists to struggle determination forms. Those would incorporate giant tech companies such as Facebook, Apple, Google and Amazon who have a huge control on much of the accessibility and utilization of data, tech. designers and software engineers and "people"– civilians and their expanding openings to affect and alter legislative issues and society through versatile innovation and social media systems.

Processes: The "classic" struggle determination forms based on arrangement, intervention and discourse ought to be practiced through online platforms in expansion to physical ones. The numerous openings in online communication seem indeed create into the foundation of a modern sub-discipline – "International Online Struggle Resolution". In expansion, there's a got to create modern strife determination forms that will address unused challenges over unused measurements. Such forms will utilize calculations and address humanmachine interaction and possibly indeed machine-machine interaction. Data: Big data emerges as a new, unexplored country to resolve conflicts. Uncontrolled, endless storage of text, pictures and videos that shape perceptions, emotion, and behaviours. A big challenge would be to use Big Data positively, which is today mostly used to cause animosity and spread fear. The new technological changeover – artificial intelligence – could lead to the solution for this evolving uncontrolled dimension.

Things: In human communication, physical objects become newly important as they become "smart" and connected. Object design and performance – from

Smartphones to smart cities – should be incorporated into principles of conflict resolution and project understanding, confidence and cooperation. Moreover, we witness a new range of "things" – smart software, machineries and robots, which will be interacted continuously (and perhaps conflicts?) with people in future. But there's great news buried fair out of locate. At what I call the level of "retain trust", it is conceivable for government authorities to move forward the way government works – and for citizens to take note. These methodologies construct on the lessons instructed by the client encounter development in trade, where examiners have found that companies moving forward the fulfilment of their clients procure higher benefits.

# 3.3 To create effective workplace communication against mobbing

Effective communication within the workplaces an indispensably component of a business's success; it improves connections inside the company and with clients, and it increments representative engagement and the in general viability of a team. On the other side, when groups come up short to communicate successfully, the incomes about are hindering to the commerce. In truth, inquire about by US firm Gartner appears a whopping seventy per cent of trade botches are due to destitute communication. This measurement demonstrates fair how basic communication is to work preparing and why more accentuation ought to be put on clear informational and discussions to anticipate botches from happening inside the working environment.

Great communication is a fundamental tool in accomplishing efficiency and keeping up solid working connections at all levels of an association. Employers who contribute time and vitality into conveying clear lines of communication will quickly construct believe among representatives, driving to increments in efficiency, yield and resolve in common. In the interim, representatives who communicate viably with colleagues, supervisors and clients are continuously important resources to an association and it may be an ability which can frequently set individuals separated from their competition when applying for occupations.

Poor communication in the workplace will inevitably lead to unmotivated personnel who can begin to challenge their own trust in their capabilities and inevitably within the company, as well as unethically resulting relations between working parties, such as conflicts, mobbing, bullying, harassment, etc. It reduces mitigation conflict. Consider, two individuals within the workplace may feel that they are communicating well, but since they both have diverse strategies of communication, they are misconception each other. Hence, working with distinctive identities requires great communication aptitudes to limit any conflict within the workplace. If you're encountering struggle at work, it's vital to see past the issue at hand and recognize the other person's thought process. To get a better understanding of what you are trying to say, you must consider the communication pattern of the receiver.

There's bound to be characters that clash and suppositions that contrast inside any working environment. And what's perfect way">the most perfect way to unravel those issues? Clear communication! Effective communication isn't approximately who's right and off-base; it's approximately having open, legitimate and positive dialogs to guarantee everyone's needs are met! You're not continuously attending to see eye to eye together with your work adversary, but on the off chance that you'll discover a way to work well with them, you'll make the environment much more agreeable for everybody around you. Communication comes in many different forms. Hard-line communication processes include internet access, telephones, email accounts and internal communication messaging platforms such as Slack and Basecamp. These tools provide the ability to communicate with customers and other employees, and they are important tools for the basic functionality of any business. Without these tools, the completion of simple tasks would be severely restricted. Modern communication tools create efficiencies that allow information to share and travel with ease. Even the digital calendar functions as an important communication tool for meeting times and obligations. Calendars that integrate with email platforms work together to sync scheduling and contacts under one roof.

Communication could be a truth of life, particularly within the workplace, where cooperation, innovation and farther work are progressively common. For a business to flourish, meet due dates and surpass objectives, strong communication frameworks and connections must be input. When stretch, neglected desires, social breakdown, moo resolve, disappointed clients, family issues, wellbeing concerns and a littler bottom line gotten to be persistent working environment issues, destitute communication might be at the root of the problems.

#### Stress in the Workplace

High-stress levels within the working environment are a tremendous sign that there are communication issues. Destitute communication can make a feeling that everything on your to-do list is critical, causing you and others to rush, feel tense, exhausted and have little-to-no sense of humor. Great communication causes a sense of solidness and consistency, but need of communication or unfortunate communication presents a sense of fear that causes pressure, which is counterproductive to efficiency. Employees who are pushed all day go domestic stressed and worn out, which impacts their families. Rather than having a companion or parent who is enthusiastic and appreciative to be domestic, the family is stuck with somebody who has so numerous feelings to unload from the workday that an evening is scarcely sufficient time to induce it all out. Workers may start to feel blameworthy or indeed to involvement struggle at domestic since of their pressure and push level. This stress lies as you begin the next working day and it can be difficult to get ahead, if not impossible. Unmet Needs and Expectations

Failure to communicate leads to unmet expectations. Teams are missing deadlines, customers are missing appointments and project participants do not appear to know their roles. If employees have difficulty identifying their priorities, their choice of the wrong thing is often misleading and their superiors are disappointed. It is impossible to know where to start and how to complete a project efficiently without clear expectations and priorities.

Arguments and Other Relational Breakdowns

In case you've got ever opened your work e-mail inbox, as it were to discover an accusatory message from a colleague, representative or boss, you've got likely experienced the sense of dissatisfaction, anger, hurt, fear and defenselessness that can come with unfortunate work environment communication. Rather than inquiring questions around how a venture is coming along or what your needs and objectives are, the email peruses in an accusatory and requesting tone. Your previously positive relationship might feel strained, so once you pass your co-worker's or boss's work area, you're likely to need to stow away, instead of sit down and have a inviting solution-finding discussion. You will indeed feel a sense of instability approximately looking for struggle determination for fear of how it might affect your work security. It is additionally common to feel a sense of frailty or need of fulfilment in completing your day by day assignments, and all of these feelings moderate down efficiency within the work environment. Low Morale and High Turnover

If people face intense emotions, emotional management spends more time than normal. Productivity decreases and morality is substituted by a sense of relief throughout the day. Survival in the workplace can be a real problem, because when business relations are injured, trust goes out and it is hard to work jointly to fulfill deadlines. They tend to feel poorly about performance when people

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miss deadlines. The cycle of this devastation prevents the real potential of teams and businesses.

# Physical and Mental Health Issues

When things are going off-base both at work and at domestic, it isn't abnormal to encounter results to mental or physical wellbeing. Mental wellbeing concerns and inveterate wellbeing issues are more likely to create amid unpleasant times, particularly when a worker has no outlet for stretch alleviation, is out of vitality for self-care, or needs passionate administration aptitudes. When these issues pop up, empower legitimate proficient care and utilize it as an opportunity to turn around the circumstance.

#### Improving Communication

In case destitute communication can affect push levels, due dates, resolve, wellbeing and the foot line adversely, at that point great communication can have a positive and mending impact. Compose out work and extend portrayals clearly and check in to inquire how things are going. Make utilize of emails and informing apps admirably. Treat others with the benevolence you trust for in return. Make a composed list of needs for times when there's more work than time, and maybe set aside time each week to specifically address work environment concerns and brainstorm solutions. Practice dynamic tuning in aptitudes with co-workers and assume the most excellent of client eagerly. Make a culture of celebrating achievements and advance. When fitting, look for bolster from a corporate clinician or communications expert who can educate your group communication, self-care, dynamic tuning in and passionate administration abilities. Keep in mind that none of us have culminate communication aptitudes, but by embracing a development mentality and moving in a positive direction, improvements can occur quickly.

## **3.3.1 Importance of Communication in the Workplace**

There's no denying the importance and significance of communication within the workplace, (thinking about or when one thinks about) the reality that in an association people having a place to (a lot of different kinds of people or things) social and skilled foundations come together to work for the same aims. It is often viewed that chief executives fail to grasp the importance of working communication, and thus do not exceptionally plainly transmit their phrases, organizational objectives, vision, etc. If management in a social system is unable to create an environment that promotes open and clear communication, then the work culture and the representative efficiency can be negatively affected. The significance of compelling working environment communication is talked about underneath:

• Creates job satisfaction- Companies which empower an open and simple correspondence between seniors and subordinates confront lesser worker turnover. If the workplace calls on subordinates to communicate their thoughts to their managers on work related issues and their input is properly considered, they persuade them to work superior and make the workers feel esteemed in the company. Thus, viable communication within the work environment makes a difference in building devotion and believe which inevitably qualities to greater work satisfaction.

• Lesser conflicts- Open communication within the work environment can offer assistance anticipate and resolve numerous clashes. Working environment conflicts are effectively settled through open and clear communication and common talks; this may lead to individual and proficient development.

• Increase productivity- Effective communication in the working environment is the key to an organization's victory and deception. Each organisation's objectives, destinations and visions are clearly characterized. If a director becomes apparent in his communication, the substitute persons know exactly what the association needs and in this way can offer the same guidance as their capacity, and thus the significance of communication skills can be judged by the truth that it leads to superior work delivery, increasing the efficiency of work environment.

• Relationship building- Open communication between representatives, directors and employees leads to the creation of better personal and professional connections, which make representatives genuinely look after and appreciated and more likely are that they will remain stable with the Association, so it creates a friendly environment and promotes a work-oriented better relationship.

• Proper usage of resources- In case an organisation faces issues, emergency and clashes due to miscommunication between the staff individuals, it causes pointless delays within the everyday work. This leads to wastage of assets and brings down the by and large work efficiency. Therefore, a good communication environment can be a requirement for any partnership to better use its assets and increase efficiency.

### **3.3.2 Barriers to Effective Communication**

A manager has no more prominent obligation than to create communicational success (Pauley, 2011). Why is communication breaking down at this point? On the surface, the reply is moderately straightforward. It has been recognized the communication components such as the transmitter, coding, message, medium, interpreter, recipient and criticism. In the absence of obstacles, total clarity of meaning and understanding in these components does not occur. Concurring to Shaw (2011) the most noteworthy issue with communication is the dream that it has been finished. As outlined in Figure 1, a few shapes of obstructions can obstruct the communication prepare. These obstructions are classified as natural and individual, by Rakich and Darr (2000). The message is encoded and sent,

and when it has been decrypted and received, both obstructions may squaring, channel, or misform.

#### **Environmental Barriers**

The organization and its natural setting are characteristic of environmental barriers. Illustrations of natural boundaries incorporate competition for consideration and time between senders and recipients. Numerous and concurrent requests cause messages to be erroneously decoded. The recipient listens the message, but does not get it, due to lacking consideration paid to the message, the recipient isn't really "listening." Listening is a physical, passionate and mental process that coordinates meaning and understanding on the journey. Listening in is successful as it were when the recipient gets it the sender's messages as planning. Hence, without locks in in dynamic tuning in, the recipient comes up short to comprehend the message.

Another barrier is time, the shorter doesn't think carefully and structure the message thoroughly and restrict the receiver. The ability to decipher and define the meaning of the message. Including the organization, other environmental challenges? Management, multiple hierarchy levels and power or status relations between recipients and senders (Sanchez & Guo 2005)'s management philosophy.

The philosophy of management can promote or retain compelling communication. Procedural and hierarchical blocks will arise for managers who do not become interested in the promotion of intra-organizational communication or the dispersion of descending information. If any communication follows the command chain, it can be an indication of an administrative reasoning that limits communications streams. Moreover, if subordinates meet with presidents who are not acting, they will not communicate in the future, because communication is not genuine. Not as it were, administrative reasons influence communication within the association but influence communication with external stakeholders within the organization too.

Another environmental barrier that can result in miscommunication is to use a particular terminology which is not familiar to the recipient or when messages get complex, because the communication between people with different terminology can be unproductive simply by adding different meanings to the same words. Unknown terminology may lead to misunderstanding, complex organizational systems in todays are highly specialized, organisations have staff and technology professionals who are developing and use specialized terminology which can only be understood by similar staff and technical experts.

# **Personal Barriers**

Personal barriers emerge due to an individual's outline of reference or convictions and values. It is based on the financial basis and previous meetings and shapes how messages are encoded and decoded. One may too deliberately or unwittingly lock in in specific recognition or be impacted by fear or desirously. For illustration, a few societies accept in "do not talk unless talked to" or "never address elders" (Longest et al., 2000). These hinder communication. Others acknowledge all communication at confront esteem without sifting out wrong data. Still others give self-promotion data, intentioned transmitting and misshaping messages for individual pick up. Unless one has had the same encounters as others, it is troublesome to totally get it their message. In expansion to outline of reference, one's convictions, values, and preferences moreover can modify and square messages. Biased conclusions and preferences are shaped based on changing identities and backgrounds. The sender's status quo and assessment of whether messages must be retained or filtered are two more personal barriers. For instance, the manager often ignores the receptionist's complaints because the receptionist tends to exaggerate problems and events, but exaggerations need to be assessed and differentiated from legitimate messages. Status quo is when individuals prefer the present situation and they intentionally filter out information that is unpleasant. For instance, in order to prevent disorders, a manager refuses to say that employees of an imminent dismissal are being postponed to retain the status quo.

The last personal obstacle is lack of empathy, i.e. sensitivity to senders and recipients ' emotional states. Empathy is the ability to put yourself in the shoes of another. The empathic person can see the world in the other person's eyes. Research demonstrates that insufficient empathy is a major barrier to effective communication (Eissenberg, 2011).

# **3.3.3 Overcoming Communication Barriers**

The first step to a successful communication is to recognize that environmental and personal boundaries exist. By getting to be cognisant of their presence, one can deliberately limit their affect. In any case, positive activities are required to overcome these boundaries. Longest et al (2001) give us with a few rules for overcoming communication obstructions:

• If recipients and senders guarantee that their messages are considered for a suffice time to listen in to what has to be communicated, environmental obstructions will be reduced.

• It is a constructive philosophy of management that energizes free communication.

• Reducing the number of links (levels within the authoritative pecking order or steps between the sender and the collector decreases openings for mutilation.

• By deliberately fitting words and images, the power / stand limit can be expelled so that messages are reasonable; empowering words with actions moves communication all together, with different levels of power / status.

• Using numerous channels to fortify complex messages diminishes the probability of misconception.

The cognitive attempts by senders and collectors to get each other's values and convictions reduce personal barriers to compelling communication. One must perceive that individuals lock in in specific discernment and are inclined to desirously and fear. Sharing compassion with those to whom messages are coordinated is perfect way">the most perfect way to extend compelling communication.

• Use methods that amplify past conventional authoritative lines to encourage communication. For occasion, the use of corner to corner communication that streams through errand powers or committees improves communication all through the association.

• Use management forms that are cross-organisational instead of limited to utilitarian or division procedures. Implementing administration forms within the regions of arranging, controlling, and overseeing data frameworks encourage communication.

• To improve the participation of individuals in associations, use human resources and strategies (job training and job rotation).

• Use management forms to resolve conflicts in an even handed way to deliver viable communication.

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# **3.3.4 Improving Communication Effectiveness**

When environmental and personal obstacles are dealt with, it clears up a way to further communication within the association. Compelling communication being a two-way handle requires exertion and aptitude by both sender and recipient. Chairmen will at times expect each of these parts within the communication handle. In see of this, rules for moving forward communication viability, counting senders' and receivers' obligations are examined underneath:

# Sender's Responsibilities:

Various theorists of communication have proposed 10 good communication guidelines that apply in particular to the sender. These guidelines should provide a good foundation for an effective set of inter personally-focused communication skills, which managers are able to use to communicate with various stakeholders, along with a basic understanding of the Communication Process itself.

Managers need to clarify their thoughts some time recently communicating.
The better the chairmen dissect the problem or idea, the clearer it becomes.
Typically the primary step toward viable communication. Numerous communications come up short since of lacking arranging. The goals, the states of mind and the needs of those who get communication and who are influenced by that have to take account of great arrangements.

2. Managers ought to look at the genuine reason of each communication. Sometime recently directors communicate, they must inquire themselves what they truly need to achieve with their message (get information, start activity, or change another person's state of mind?) Managers have to acknowledge their main aim and afterwards adapt their dialect, tone and approach to this particular goal. With every communication, directors must not do as much as possible, since the more their message shapes the centre, the more remarkable the chances of success are.

3. Managers need to consider the overall physical and human setting. Expectations and meanings are transmitted more than just words. Many other variables influence the broad impact of communication and directors have to be touchy about the whole environment in which they communicate: the circumstances under which a statement or decision is made. The physics setting, whether communication is conveyed in private or in some other way. Chairmen ought to always be mindful of the entire setting in which they communicate. Like all living things, communication must be able of adjusting to its environment.

4. When necessary, managers must consult others in communications planning. The participation of others in the planning or development of a communication is often desirable or necessary. Such an interview often gives the message more insight and objectivity. Those who helped to plan the communication will also actively support it.

5. Managers must be aware of the proposals and the essential substance of the message while communicating them. The manager's voice, expression, and clear response to others ' reactions have an enormous impact on those that the manager wants to achieve. These nuances of communication are normally neglected and regularly influence the reaction of a listener to a message more than its essential substance. In essence, the dialect choice of the administrator in particular the consciousness of the fine shades of significance and feeling in the predetermined words of the audience members is very important.

6. Managers must take the opportunity to communicate something of assistance or appreciation to the beneficiary when it emerges. Thought of the other person's interface and needs, attempting to see at things from the other person's point of see habitually focuses up openings to communicate

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something of quick advantage or long-range esteem to the other individual. Staff members respond most to managers whose messages take account of employees ' interests.

7. Managers have to be take after up their communication. The best efforts of a manager in communication can be squandered and he or she never knows if his or her true sense and expectation is communicated by the chance that he or she will not take up to see how good he or she has put his or her message over. A chairman can do this by asking questions, empowering the recipient to provide specific responses, follow-up contacts and consequent execution surveys. A manager must ensure that every imperative communication is critical so that full understanding and appropriate activity is achieved.

8. For tomorrow as well as now, managers must communicate. Although the requests for a quick circumstance can be basically directed at communications, they have to be planned intelligently with the past in case they maintain consistency in the recipient's view. Most imperative, in any case, communications must be steady with long range interface and objectives. For illustration, it isn't simple to communicate to be perfectly honest on such things as poor execution or the inadequacies of a faithful staff part, but delaying upsetting communications makes these things more troublesome within the long run and is really unjustifiable to staff and the association.

9. Managers need to be beyond any doubt that their actions back their communications. The most important type of communication in the last inquiry is not that the directors say but what they do. When managers' activities or states of mind negate their words, others tend to markdown what they have said. This implies for every chairman that great surveillance hones, such as clear duty and expertise, reasonable rewards for exercise and the demand for sound approach, communicate more than all the rhetorical benefits. 10. Managers need to look for, not as it were to be caught on, but to get it and be a great audience. If a director begins speaking, he or she regularly stops listening, in the slightest sense of being adapted to the implicit reactions and attitudes of the other person. Indeed, the periodic carelessness that the director can blame for when others try to communicate with him is more genuine. Listening is one of the foremost critical, most troublesome, and most dismissed abilities in communication. It requests that the director concentrate not as it were on the unequivocal implications another person is communicating, but moreover on the verifiable implications, implicit words, and suggestions that will be distant more critical. This allows a manager to learn to settle with the inside ear if he or she is able to meet the inner person.

## Receiver's Responsibilities

Communication does not depend on the only sending capacity but also on receiving messages. So the capacity to tune in viably enormously improves the communication prepare (Lunenburg, 2010). But numerous of us are not great audience members.

Effective listening skills can be developed, however Kmeen (2012) proposes ten guidelines for good listening:

Stop talking. If you speak, you won't be able to listen.

Put the talker at ease. Help an individual to talk freely. This is a permissive environment sometimes called.

Talk to a talker, look and play interested you want to listen to him or her. Listen instead of opposing to understand.

It takes 2 ears to listen, one to mean and one to feel.

Remove distractions. Stay focused and paying attention.

Empathize with talkers. Try to help yourself see the point of view of someone else, be patient, allow a lot of time, do not interrupt a conversation, do not begin or go away.

Hold your temper. A furious person takes from words the wrong meaning.

Go on with discussion and criticism easily. So people can cry or be angry on the defensive. Don't argue that you lose even if you win.

Ask questions. Asking questions encourages a talker and shows that you are listening. It contributes to further developments.

Stop talking. It is first and last, because it's the responsibility of all other guides. When you talk, you can't do a good work listening. Nature gave people two ears, but only a language, that is a gentle hint of listening rather than talking. Listening administrators have less information to make sound choices.

#### 3.4 The influence of ICT on employees and importance of communication

Communication technologies impact people's individual and proficient lives colossally. As Nicole Long, Request Media said in her article, "How Technology Influences Job Performance," the usage of communication advances can offer assistance streamline organizational forms and move forward employees' efficiency on the off chance that overseen successfully. Email, instant messaging, laptops, and mobile phones, are among the foremost broad innovations utilized by organizations receiving adaptable work plans (Hoeven, van Zoonen, & Fonner, 2016). They permit representatives to communicate in a productive way, get data and input quickly, address concerns and unravel issues instantaneously, and in this way perform within the working environment to the finest of their capacity (Long, 2016). Technology empowers a wide run of work styles and inclinations, such as adaptable work courses of action, open-office situations, working from home plans, compressed work weeks, and teleconferencing facilities. In spite of the advantages of expanding mechanical progress, scientists and professionals have seen several negative impacts on the well-being of workers (Brilliant, 2013). Organizations and broader communities got to execute steady approaches and restrain employees' innovation get to amid off-work hours (Hoeven et al., 2016).

With the broad use of data and advances in communications, employees feel committed to getting to information at all times and trading across physical and global limits (Brilliant, 2013). These advances make the boundaries between work and life more pervasive, driving towards work development, drive spillovers and the inadequacy between efficiency in the workplace and the wellbeing unbelievably grasped in the working world. Overall analysts and experts have emphasized the importance of analysis, in fact when the progress has expanded their work control, of the ways communications innovation has antagonistically influenced the representative good.

Researchers have investigated the hypothetical reason—the Job Demands-Resources (JD-R) Model—accounting for the restricting components fundamental the relationship between the use of advances and representative well-being (Brilliant, 2013; Hoeven et al., 2016). Physical, mental, social, and organizational characteristics of any work can result in certain physical and mental work requests that workers ought to fulfil, and work assets that reduce the negative affect of those work requests can create employees' information, aptitudes, and capacities, advance individual development and advancement, and strengthen the achievement of work objectives. Using the JD-R show, analysts argued that information and communications innovations create the concomitant focus areas (i.e. assets) and challenges (i.e. requests) for both positive and negative well-being outcomes for workers (e.g. employee burnout and engagement). A few Viable Takeaways for Employee Communication Managers to Bargain with the effect of Information Communication Technologies upon Employees' Well-Being:

A description of the key earth suggestions made by past analysts in their experimental studies can be obtained from (i.e. Brillant, 2013 ; Hoeven et al., 2016 ; Jiang, Luo, & Kulemeka, in the press) :

• Employee communication officials make a significant contribution to making it clear to the top management that information and communication technology appropriation and the results are related to representative well-being.

• Companies must develop an atmosphere which underpins openness and production in technology-enablesd communication systems, anticipates high work interference and unusual work plans, decreases data burdens and mitigates work stress to resolve negative outcomes (e.g. burnout) and promote positive ones (e.g. worker engagement).

• Organizations are anticipated to play a directions part in finishing a fitting adjust between assets and requests that representatives adapt with.

• Strong family arrangements, procedures and activities both online and offline are very needed to adapt their work and their life outside the workplace. In specific, certain anticipation programs ought to be in put to confine interferences and eccentrics and deconstruct the ancient basic desires of a perfect employee.

• The maintenance of heterogeneous communication channels (such as technologically and personally enhanced interpersonal channels) to constrain a consistent network is a solid show for the long-term progress and commercial success of an organization.

### 3.5 Innovative work practices and positive employee attitudes

To characterize a motivational environment, get a high level of performance from their employees, employers, to set up effective communication between them to prevent unintended conflicts, mobbing ought to invest in innovative work practices. Within the existing literature, there's no agreement on the scope of these innovative work practices. It conserves a huge number of inventive work holes designed to help employees feel good, cover how work is organized (for example, teamwork, quality management) as a whole, the policies of the workforce (for example, training, consultation, evaluation) and family-friendly hones (for example, telecommunications). The relationships between these innovative work practices and the continuum of inspirations characterized by Gagne et al. (2009) have not up to this point been considered but the connections with related concepts has been the question of past research. It is known that a well-designed work organisation, with the support of positive minds in workers and strong relationships, permits an increase in the individual work execution. Taken as a bundle, it shows up that inventive work hones are emphatically connected with related concepts such as organizational commitment, job satisfaction and citizenship.

Working practices, taken one by one, are not always important and related to positive employees. Teamwork and job rotation are highlighted to be 2 of the most important work practices to encourage employees to exert effort. Such practices are indeed a good way of enriching employees ' work. Tasks and roles between those employees who work in teams or are related via the rotation scheme become interchangeable. By decentralizing decision-making, it allows more resp`onsibility for individuals. It also gives people more flexibility and discretion. However, this also increases the pressure of peers, as Godard (2001) shows for the job rotation, which may lead to a decline in positive attitudes. Participation in a quality circle (or problem-fixing group) enables employees to participate in the changes that affect their work. The relationships with employee attitudes are positive for Godard (2009) and Mohr and Zohgi (2010) but non-significant for Galliee et al. (2002). Quality control of production, worker environment and safety in the framework of the Total Quality Management (TQM) approach is also adopted to favour the involvement of employees. The association is positive with job satisfaction for Martin and Omrani (2015) but non-significant with a large range of employee attitudes for Godard (2001).

Moving on to consider personnel approaches, descending communication and staff discussions through gatherings, studies or proposal programs moreover show up as vital work hones through which employers support representative states of mind. They allow communication inside the firms on e.g. the goals sought after by the firm and its compensation and compensate approach. They are moreover channels for the voice of representatives. Advancement of employees' abilities through trainings, execution examinations and feedbacks values representatives and is assumed to extend their self-esteem. These hones are, in this way, critical hones for employees' commitment. Additionally, execution evaluations are utilized by supervisors to choose suitable rewards. Earlier work looking at the affiliation between family-friendly approaches and employee attitudes has found positive affiliations (Ozeki and Ernst Kossek, 1999). At the firm level, (Sprout et al., 2010) appear positive connections between family-friendly approaches and firm work efficiency, but these connections vanish when they control for other imaginative work practices. Grounded on past prove, the taking after speculations almost the relationships between innovative work practices and workers motivations are formulated:

*Hypothesis 1a*: It is anticipated that teamwork, staff policy and familyfriendly policies will have a positive impact on workplace relations and usually eliminate mobbing. *Hypothesis 1b*: Just-in-time is expected to have negative effects on autonomous motivations and positive ones on controlled motivations.

*Hypothesis 1c*: There is expected to be positive or neglective effects from work rotation, participation in a quality circle and TQM in motivation.

## **3.6 Information and Communication Technologies use and positive employee attitudes**

Information and Communication Technologies also take part within the definition of a motivational environment but, as for innovative work practices, the connections with employees' inspirations have not up to this point been considered. Be that as it may, prove concerning related concepts exists. The evaluation of the impacts of ICT on positive employee attitudes in earlier work centres on a limit run of advances (i.e. computer and Web utilize), in this way, it captures as it were a portion of the innovations utilized at work. For case, computer utilize uncover non-significant joins with commitment, social back, job satisfaction and extra-effort and positive joins with work efficiency. Blossom et al. (2014) appears that the results of data and communication advances employments by workers in their work life are different and can have inverse results on their tact and duties. To begin with, innovations that encourage data get to interior the firm, such as ERP (Enterprise Resource Planning), are related with more independence and an increment in execution. Decreasing the taken a toll of collecting, sharing and securing data makes learning cheaper and encourages level collaborations. It moreover grants workers to handle more of the issues they confront without inquiring others. In this way, technologies that encourage information get to thrust choices down and have an engaging impact. Second, technologies that diminish inside communication costs, such as, for illustration, groupware, encourage get to the significant data and information from others at a better level within the firm. It favors specialization, diminishes the assortment of errands performed by each

representative, diminishes the information substance of their work and increments the dependence on others, inferring that more issues are fathomed at higher levels of the pecking order. Technologies that decrease inside communication costs thrust choices upwards and representatives are in this way less enabled. Third, there too exist sorts of ICT that are not limited to the inner get to of data and information, such as Web, emails or web-conference devices utilized for work purposes. On one hand, these innovations diminish inner and outside communication costs. On the other hand, the knowledge available outside the company can be acquired that could enhance the holding of the appropriate knowledge for each decision. Above, using of internet appears to be positively linked and connected with job satisfaction and social support and extra-effort (Omrani and Martin, 2016) and with intrinsic motivations (but only for loyal employees in Martin, 2012).

The hypotheses of the links between ICT uses and staff motivations are formulated on the basis of these previous works:

Hypothesis 2a: Motivation is to be affected by technologies that facilitate internal access to information.

Hypothesis 2b: Motivations are said to have adverse effects on techniques which reduce internal communication costs.

Hypothesis 2c: The net impact on technological motivations that facilitate access to internal and external knowledge is unknown.

## **3.7 The Digital workplace**

What is a digital workplace?

The digital workplace can best be considered the common advancement of the w orking environment. Comprised of your employees' innovation working environ ment. The computerized working environment includes all the innovations indiv iduals utilize to induce work tired today's work environment – both the ones in operation and the ones however to be actualized and it ranges from your HR app lications and center trade applications to mail, moment informing and endeavor social media devices and virtual assembly apparatuses. Since most organizations already use numerous of these components, you by and large don't get to constr uct the digital working environment from the ground up. In truth, on the off cha nce that your staff react to e-

mails from smartphones, check their pay stubs online or carefully enter a deals o pportunity, you will be closer to working a advanced working environment than you think.

With demographics on the job, employers are struggling to satisfy the diverse requirements of a multi-employee basis. With increasing internet and mobile devices, the pace of change continues to accelerate. The ongoing demand for productivity growth and cost savings exacerbates these changes and makes market expectations more difficult for workers. These trends together transform the working environment.

The emerging digital workplace can address these concerns by helping organizations:

-Support changes in working styles that enable employees to work more transparently and better leverage social networks.

-Unify offline and online communications by keeping employees connected through their mobile devices to provide anywhere, anytime access to tools and corporate information.

-Focus on worker encounter by giving them with client encounter they have exterior the firewall. Give choice, adaptability and personalization.

-Support virtual work situations that permit representatives to remain associated in dispersed and virtualized work areas whereas adjusting client protection and operational risk.

-Minimize investing and upgrade efficiency by giving representatives with the correct tools and right data at the correct time.

-Win the war on ability by advertising the dynamic and imaginative situations that beat candidates presently expect.

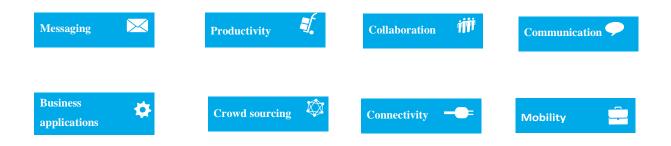
Workers Require New Digital Skills in order to improve communication. The administrations, concurring to TMR, incorporate centre undertaking applications, collaboration applications, instant messaging, enterprise portability and work environment mechanization devices. Combined, the report states, these administrations can actuated advanced change ventures that will alter undertakings from conventional working environments and workforces into advanced working environments and computerized workforces. The report includes that the advertise development and utilize of these innovations and administrations is additionally driving organizational rebuilding, socioeconomics and operation expenditures.

Indeed in spite of the fact that somebody works carefully, they still have timelines and budgets to meet. Whereas hours of work may be more adaptable, it's still imperative workers take accountability for getting assignments done on time and inside budget. The accountability enables to prevent mobbing and other types of harassments which committed by superiors. Your colleagues are also important to know that, even if it is not in person, they can still talk to you. Sometimes a phone call or video conference are needed to keep a project on task. The digital work environment gives workers the apparatuses they have to be move forward their communication, collaboration and associations with each other. Actualized successfully, it moreover permits organizations to moderate common dangers, follow to their administrative compliance orders and eventually realize improved business esteem.

## 3.7.1 Building digital workplace toolbox

Digital toolbox is comprised of the apparatuses and advances your representatives have to be do their employments. All organizations have a computerized tool compartment but their apparatuses shift depending on their industry and work capacities. In a perfect world, your business strategy and the objectives of your digital work environment activity ought to decide which devices have a place in your digital toolbox.

In most organizations, the advanced work environment tool stash can be to cure this issue, you ought to take the time to make to appropriately bolster the fundamental innovation.



# **3.7.2** Develop an administration model that maximizes connectivity and collaboration while reducing risks

Past setting a procedure and building your digital work environment toolbox, organization should resolve any challenges that organization may confront within the ranges of administration, risk and compliance. When making a digital working environment, organizations must too create an administration show that underpins network and collaboration whereas relieving dangers and empowering compliance.

Components of digital work environment administration:

• Guiding standards: distinguish the business objectives you're attempting to accomplish with the digital working environment and interpret them into directing standards to drive progressing development.

• Information administration methodology: decide the centre of your digital workplace procedure and adjust it together with your organization's existing data administration or data administration methodology.

• Roles and duties: distinguish your key partners and make a reasonable and economical interaction show. Characterize administration forms, measurements and oversight processes.

• Training and certification: guarantee your representatives have get to preparing that permits them to tackle the advanced work environment to their advantage. Moreover track and guarantee that specialized faculty are prepared and certified to appropriately back the fundamental technology.

Risk reducing and compliance

• Information checking, collection and investigation: this permits you to decide the data being shared and the dangers that will impede your

organization's notoriety, competitive edge, efficiency or security of private information.

• Policy training: in expansion to specialized preparing, representatives require approach preparing on the sort of data they should or ought to not share within the advanced work environment. You must too communicate approaches on how to appropriately handle individual information and how to dodge harming your organization's brand.

• Orchestrated presence: organizing and managing your channels within the digital workplace. Orchestrate the flow of information to and from diverse channels. Maintain a strategic distance from an incoherent demonstrate where distinctive bunches use diverse apparatuses and communicate in silos.

• Crisis management: news voyages much quick obliged to the computerized workplace's social organizing capacity. In case an emergency happens, respond rapidly (inside the first day), be straightforward, set up a tuning in stage and make a dialogue.

By connecting employees past the boundaries of their geographies or divisions, the advanced work environment engages your individuals to coordinate their efforts from the foot up, construct communities of intrigued, drive information administration and collaborate in ways that make sense to them and conveys quantifiable business value.

The digital workplace gives employees the tools they need to improve their communication, collaboration and connections with each other. Implemented effectively, it also allows organizations to mitigate common risks, adhere to their regulatory compliance mandates and ultimately realize enhanced business value.

Using a development also demonstrate to get it where your organization is and how your workers work. This evaluation will assist you recognize the suitable apparatuses for your advanced working environment toolkit. These types of things help to create a transparency and strong communication to avoid mobbing and other types of conflicts.

## **4 THE PERSPECTIVE OF ICT IN AZERBAIJAN**

Improvement and development within the present day age is straightforwardly related with the application of Information and Communication Technologies (ICT). At display, the level of application of ICT is among the most indicators of mental and logical potential, straightforwardness within the open organization, arrangement of social and financial issues. ICTs are playing a progressively imperative part within the accomplishment of Millennium Development Goals as a capable apparatus to battle destitution, enable ladies, increment the instruction level, and make strides natural administration.

Government of Azerbaijan pays special consideration to the advancement of information technologies. Azerbaijan's National ICT Methodology (2003-2012) has advanced a broadening utilize of ICT apparatuses to raise proficiency and straightforwardness within the open division, and recognizes advancement as one of the fundamental standards for ICT application. Azerbaijan is additionally well-known territorially and globally for its advancement of data society as a national improvement need. In 2012, the nation facilitated the 7th Internet Governance Forum and announced the year of IT in 2013.

Concerted national efforts contributed by the Government of Azerbaijan have empowered the nation to gotten to be one of the leading entertainers among the CIS nations (2012 Worldwide Technology Report, World Economic Forum). The ICT segment developed twice in estimate on normal span of each 3 a long time covering the period of 2004-2013. The Republic of Azerbaijan may be a pioneer among CIS nations for the thickness of Web clients amid the final three a long time. In 2012 this figure expanded from 66 per cent to 70 per cent. Moreover, the quality of web administrations as well as outside web network expanded by 2.2 times in 2012 and costs decreased by roughly 36 per cent compared to 2011 (Source: World Economic Forum).

It is basic that Azerbaijan builds upon this momentum by making it more economical through improvement of a comprehensive ICT methodology, a broader get to through country-wide ICT foundation, advancement of ICT integration in trade, and more noteworthy utilize of ICTs for social and financial impact. This venture will contribute to the changes of over recorded measurements of ICT environment by supporting the Government in seeking after the taking after objectives:

- 1. Create a comprehensive national ICT methodology;
- 2. Enhance country-wide ICT foundation through extension and modernization of AzDATACOM organize;
- 3. Promote ICT integration in trade through foundation of Open Private Association Pro Middle on ICT Utilize;
- 4. Maximize utilize of ICTs for more noteworthy social and financial affect at the national and territorial levels by growing citizens' openings for eparticipation;
- 5. Giving get to Open Government Information;
- 6. Initiating Eurasian Connectivity Union to bridge the 'digital divide';
- 7. Operational framework for the Data Center in Azerbaijan is set up.

**Project Achievements** 

 The United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs (UNDESA) Joint High Level Worldwide Course and Expert Group Meeting was convened on 03/05 December 2013 for 'Establishing First National Capacity for Electronic Participation'. The workshop displayed and illustrated the planning employments and the potential for fortifying e-participation in advancement arranging and administration. The objective of the workshop was to bring together agents of state teach, important commerce and gracious society pioneers, and specialists on eparticipation with reason of improving their information on eparticipation. The e-Participation Preparedness Measurement and Assessment Tool (METEP) was also presented to members ;

- Two tenders for foundation of the Data Center in Azerbaijan were reported;
- "National Information Technology Strategy (2013-2020)" based on the finest hones and meetings worldwide submitted to the Ministry of Communication and Information Technologies (MoCIT), was organized for the purpose of developing and transforming the Republic of Azerbaijan into an information society (2013-2020).

## **5. CONCLUSION**

We know that, employment satisfaction is strongly linked to good relationships between people in workplaces of organizations. Social support at work helps to foster self-esteem and trust. Workplace mobbing is a huge and widespread problem that wreaks havoc on personal lives and their effective benefits to organization. Mobbing is described as the type of organizational pathology in which employees have essentially been "ganging up" and engaged in rituals of humility, exclusion, unjustified charges, emotional abuse, and general harassment to drive out a target worker. This usually starts with someone else who decides they are threatened by a colleague and therefore starts a desperate campaign, which spreads like a disease throughout the workplace, infecting people after people to try to eliminate a target. People use mobbing to hide their own weaknesses and shortcomings. This term "mobbing" describes an individual 's attack ; it does not capture the specific gravity of the "mobbing" which refers to an individual's group attack.

In my diploma work, I describe the elimination of such kinds of conflicts, mobbing by improving communication between employees, employers with the helping of Information and Communication Technologies. Information and communication technologies (ICT) have greatly influenced the business world today and the use of ICT among companies is common. In and between businesses and consumers also employees in workplaces, ICT rapidly transforms worldwide production, work and trade methods, and trading and consumption patterns. Over the last few years, ICT such as computer terminals, e-mail and the Internet and their computer programs have become the important drivers of invention of new things, growth and social change. It is described in my diploma work that technologies are very important for communication in workplaces, when it comes to setting up contact with clients, computers are a critical tools. In addition, they are critical in maintaining this contact. This can be a really critical business computer application to allow a business, via the e-mail, IM, Skype, collaborative computer and through various other communications arrangements that the business wants to use, to communicate with its customers. It is clear that, effective communication within the workplaces an indispensably component of a business's success. According my opinion, it can be succeed by:

- To use ICT tools proportionally among members of workplace and organization;

- To avoid barriers of communication by ICT;

- To create innovative work practices, to create the digital workplace and to adapt the ICT in this direction.

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