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"SOCIO ECONOMIC PROBLEMS OF SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT"
BAKU, 14-15 FEBRUARY 2019

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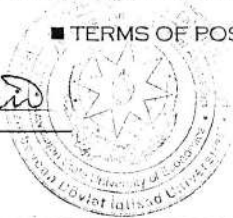
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37th International Scientific Conference on Economic and Social Development –
"Socio Economic Problems of Sustainable Development"

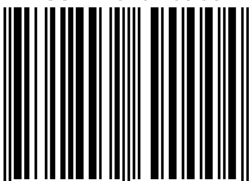
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TERMS OF POST-SECONDARY EDUCATION MANAGEMENT

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ABSTRACT

Modern know-how is currently being transformed into a crucial factor in economic growth and competitiveness of our country. The country's economic leadership can only be achieved on the basis of modern technology and the most advanced technology in public production. The important factor of socio-economic development in modern Azerbaijan is the constant renewal and modernization of knowledge. Generation of knowledge, the main means of their collection and transmission is education, especially higher education and post-secondary education. The modern stage of development and management of education is characterized by the globalization and institutionalization of economic relations. Particular attention should be paid to the co-operation of enterprises in establishing a single educational space within the intensification of relations in the educational process. Thus, in contrast to economic entities entering into competition with each other for the consumer, it is necessary to achieve the cooperation of educational institutions, especially the higher education institutions. This, in its turn, will lead to the availability of "hands-on" solutions for all services provided by the education system and increase the quality of education. Higher education, especially after the postgraduate education, is characterized by the transition from the training of highly qualified personnel to the formation of human personality. This requires the preparation and implementation of a new educational paradigm that focuses on the formation of education, and in particular, the post-graduate education. Post-graduate vocational education is the next stage in vocational training, which enables citizens to raise their education, science and professional level on the basis of higher vocational education. Such education can be acquired at the doctoral, philatelic, adjuncture and doctoral studies of the relevant specialties created at the Higher Vocational Education Institutions and Research Institutions. Traditionally, philosophy and doctoral studies include the fourth and fifth levels of vocational education. In fact, however, the job is more complicated. Thus, in the development of the Law of Azerbaijan Republic "On Education", this stage of professional education was defined as a special area of postgraduate education. In our opinion, it would be better for this stage of education to be called "scientific education". Post-graduate professional (vocational) education realizes programs designed to train highly qualified scientific and scientific-pedagogical cadres - philosophy and doctors of sciences. Preparation of scientific and scientific-pedagogical cadres is carried out in the form of doctoral studies, dissertations, thesis of philosophy and science. Scientific and scientific-pedagogical staff training and attestation system operates in Azerbaijan. PhD degree in scientific specialties is awarded on dissertation boards as a result of open dissertation defense of researchers having higher or higher education and approved by the Supreme Attestation Commission under the President of the Republic of Azerbaijan. the name of the doctor of sciences is issued by the Higher Attestation Commission of the President of the Republic of Azerbaijan on the basis of the presentation of the specialized dissertation councils after the dissertation defense of the researcher. The main form of training of scientific-pedagogical and scientific cadres, as well as education, science and pedagogical specialties on the basis of higher vocational education, is a doctorate in scientific specialties. The preparation of philosophical doctors is carried out in accordance with the current nomenclature of scientific worker specialties for the fields of science and scientific specialties.

Keywords: *higher education, dissertation, doctorate post-graduate education, post-graduate studies*

1. INTRODUCTION

In the contemporary world, as in the leading world countries, great attention is paid to the development of education in Azerbaijan. The slogan "Education is the future of the people" by nationwide leader Heydar Aliyev today will remain very actual and up-to-date. Modern know-how that are currently being transformed into a crucial factor in economic growth and competitiveness of our country. The country's economic leadership can only be made on the basis of modern technology and the most advanced technology in public production. The important factor of socio-economic development in modern Azerbaijan is the constant renewal and modernization of knowledge. Generation of knowledge, the main means of their collection and transmission is education, especially higher education and post-secondary education. The modern stage of development and management of education is characterized by the globalization and institutionalization of economic relations. Particular attention should be paid to the co-operation of enterprises in establishing a single educational space within the intensification of relations in the educational process. Thus, in contrast to economic entities entering into competition with each other for the consumer, it is necessary to achieve the cooperation of educational institutions, especially the higher education institutions. This, in its turn, will lead to the availability of "hands-on" services for all services provided by the education system and increase the quality of education.

2. CHAPTER 2

Higher education, especially after the postgraduate education, is characterized by the transition from the training of highly qualified personnel to the formation of human personality. This requires the preparation and implementation of a new educational paradigm that focuses on the formation of education, and in particular, the post-graduate education. Post-graduate vocational education is the next stage in vocational training, which enables citizens to raise their education, science and professional level on the basis of higher vocational education. Such education can be acquired at the doctoral, philatelic, adjuncture and doctoral studies of the relevant specialties created at the Higher Vocational Education Institutions and Research Institutions. Traditionally, philosophy and doctoral studies include the fourth and fifth levels of vocational education. In fact, however, the job is more complicated. Thus, in the development of the Law of Azerbaijan Republic "On Education", this stage of professional education was defined as a special area of postgraduate education. In our opinion, it would be better for this stage of education to be called "scientific education". Post-graduate professional (vocational) education realizes programs designed to train highly qualified scientific and scientific-pedagogical cadres - philosophy and doctors of sciences. Preparation of scientific and scientific-pedagogical cadres is carried out in the form of doctoral studies, dissertations, thesis of philosophy and science. Scientific and scientific-pedagogical staff training and attestation system operates in Azerbaijan. PhD degree in scientific specialties is awarded on dissertation boards as a result of open dissertation defense of researchers having higher or higher education and approved by the Supreme Attestation Commission under the President of the Republic of Azerbaijan. the name of the doctor of sciences is issued by the Higher Attestation Commission of the President of the Republic of Azerbaijan on the basis of the presentation of the specialized dissertation councils after the dissertation defense of the researcher. The main form of training of scientific-pedagogical and scientific cadres, as well as education, science and pedagogical specialties on the basis of higher vocational education, is a doctorate in scientific specialties. The preparation of philosophical doctors is carried out in accordance with the current nomenclature of scientific worker specialties for the fields of science and scientific specialties. Today the Higher Attestation Commission under the President of the Republic of Azerbaijan has approved the nomenclature of scientific worker qualifications.

As an example, it is possible to show the nomenclature of scientific worker specialties on economics as 08.00.00:

- 08.00.01-Economic theory
- 08.00.05-Economy and management of the national economy (macroeconomics)
- 08.00.05-Finance, money circulation and credit

At present, the Commission for Higher Attestation under the President of the Republic of Azerbaijan is preparing a draft of the new nomenclature of scientific worker specialties.

3. CHAPTER 3

The educational science at the doctoral candidacy is carried out in the form of visual and correspondence forms. The doctorate should have three full-time education, and the correspondence education should not exceed four years. Education in doctoral studies is usually carried out under the guidance of a doctor of sciences, professor. The form of certification of scientific personnel is the official confirmation of the scientific specialties of the specialists, the award of scientific degrees and scientific titles. The date of granting scientific degrees coincides with the period of the first Western European Universities (12th-13th centuries). The scientific degrees and names in the Republic of Azerbaijan are issued in accordance with the relevant regulations. Granting of scientific degrees is carried out at the dissertation councils created at higher educational institutions and scientific-research institutes. The establishment of these councils is under the authority of the Supreme Attestation Commission under the President of the Republic of Azerbaijan. Scientific degrees of Doctor of Philosophy and Sciences are awarded on the specialty nomenclature of scientific workers. Scientific names are the expression of the official and scientific-social recognition of the services of the scientist, including the preparation of scientific workers, as well as the creation of educational and scientific literature. Scientific titles are also the names of a number of leading positions in higher education institutions (docent, professor) and scientific positions in scientific research institutes (eg, "scientific workers"). The status of "professor" (Latin-professor-teacher) at the high school was first defined at Oxford University in the sixteenth century. In a number of countries, professors of "Staff" (ordinar) and "non-state" (extraordinarily) professors have been established. "Associate Professor" (docent in Latin, docentis-learning) is given to persons who have one of the following minimum degrees. In the 19th century, many countries were given the task of "privat-docent" (receiving salaries from the teaching of students). One of the smaller titles of scientific names in countries that favored the French system of higher education was called "agreje" (1808). In Russia, the name "professor" begins to be introduced after the foundation of the Moscow University (1755). Until 1863 the name "associate professor" was equated to "adjunct professor". In 1863 the name "associate professor" was defined, and in 1884 the task of "privat-docent" was established. In Azerbaijan, the title "Associate Professor" and "Professor" began to be applied in 1919 with the establishment of the Baku State University. Associate Professor is the academic name given to teachers in the Higher Vocational Education Institutions. These names are given to doctors, philosophy doctors, or teachers at Higher Vocational Education institutions who have certain work experience, scientific works or specialties. Professor is the academic name given to teachers in the Higher Vocational Education Institutions. This name is given to doctors of science or to highly qualified teachers and researchers (philosophers who conduct independent training courses or philosophical doctors leading scientific research). Master (Master in Latin, Head, Head, Teacher), 1) An official in Ancient Rome; a little later, president of some secular and religious institutions in Europe; 2) Scientific degrees among bachelors and philosophers in many countries around the world. This name is given to those who have graduated from universities (or equivalent educational institutions) and who have completed the course (1-2 years), who make special

exams and defend the master's thesis. The name of the undergraduate degree is between a bachelor and a doctor of philosophy started to be given in Azerbaijan since in 1990. The system of attestation of scientific names in scientific institutions has been revised several times. Since 1986 he has been the head, leading, senior scientific worker, scientific and small scientific worker names in scientific establishments. Postgraduate studies (aspirate in Latin, try to get closer) became the main form of preparation of scientific and scientific-pedagogical cadres in professional education after higher vocational education. In Azerbaijan, postgraduate studies were organized in 1930 in higher education institutions and research institutes, and in 1934, defended candidate dissertations. Admission to the postgraduate study was carried out on a competitive basis after the relevant exams. All postgraduate students were admitted to the admission exams on history and philosophy, foreign language (English, German, French) and specialty (subject). Historical and philosophical sciences and foreign language candidates are exempt from admission exams. As a rule, they are admitted to a scientific degree only. Separating the graduate from one another, leaving the production (visual) and leaving the production (correspondence). The duration of study at the postgraduate study is three years, and four years in the interdisciplinary form. Post graduate students receive a scholarship. Postgraduate students report on the results of their scientific work at the department (lab, department) each year. When completing the postgraduate study, they must pass the examination (attestation) at the department (department or laboratory) and submit their dissertation to defense. Those who submit the dissertation work to the dissertation board established by the relevant scientific specialty have successfully completed the post graduate course. In the majority of foreign countries, post-graduate training is similarly carried out at special centers at universities, especially after the post-diploma education (graduate, licensor, and other). At the end of their education, they defend their research and receive a higher degree of academic degree (often a doctor). The doctorate is a part of the continuing education system in Azerbaijan, the highest stage of the scientific and scientific-pedagogical training process. He has been working in the former USSR since 1956. The doctorate is organized in the leading educational institutions, scientific institutions and organizations of the Higher Vocational Education System. PhD students are awarded PhD degree and those who have achieved great scientific achievements in the chosen field. Education in doctoral studies is 4 years. PhD students are given state scholarships. Return to scientific and scientific-pedagogical activity in enterprises and organizations sent by the graduates of the doctorate is legal. Admission to PhD The Higher Vocational Education is adopted on the basis of the opinion given by the relevant department at the scientific council of the enterprise or scientific organization to a detailed scientific report of the laboratory and a comprehensive review of the dissertation work. The scientific council also approves the duration of the dissertation work and the individual work plan of the doctorate.

4. CONSLUSION

To assist the doctor in conducting researches on the dissertation, a scientific consultant is assigned to the organization where he / she is prepared. In case of necessity, leading experts from other institutions and organizations may be invited to consult a doctor. The doctoral candidate annually presents to the scientific council a report on the implementation of the individual work plan. On this basis, the attestation of a doctorate is made and a decision is made to continue his / her education. During his / her doctoral studies, the doctoral candidate must complete the dissertation work and submit it to defense, including the conduct of an initial examination. During the period of study at the doctorate, both philosophy and doctors of science should publish a number of articles in a number of prestigious media. These publications must meet the requirements set out by the Higher Attestation Commission near the President of the Republic of Azerbaijan.

Scientific works on the results of research on the dissertation by philosophers and doctors of sciences should be published in open media in the following names:

- monographs and textbooks;
- articles and theses in journals and collections of scientific works;
- theses and presentations in international, republican and regional scientific-practical conferences;

The main findings of scientific research on philosophy and doctors of sciences should be published in refereed journals included in the rector of the Higher Attestation Commission under the President of the Republic of Azerbaijan. The list of periodical scientific and scientific-technical editions recommended for publishing the main results of the dissertation for the PhD and Ph.D. in Azerbaijan does not remain unchanged, but is constantly renewed and enriched. This list is published in the Bulletin of the Higher Attestation Commission under the President of the Republic of Azerbaijan and is posted on the website of the Higher Attestation Commission. The criteria for selecting reseller journals are as follows:

- the publication should be scientific and resentful, in other words all the materials published should be carefully examined;
- the publication should be extremely well-known and accessible. As a general rule, it should be included in the Higher Attestation Commission's directory, published with a significant number of copies, and sent to the country's libraries;
- the publication must be approved and protected by the Higher Attestation Commission under the President of the Republic of Azerbaijan.

The circulation of the monograph published by the doctor should also meet certain requirements. Thus, the circulation of most monographs has a maximum of five hundred copies. We do not think it's satisfactory. Because the main purpose of the monographs is to introduce the author to the broader scientific community. Dissertation councils are established in higher educational institutions and scientific organizations recognized by the general public with their scientific achievements in the field of relevant science in accordance with the decision of the Higher Attestation Commission under the President of the Republic of Azerbaijan. Dissertation councils carry out their activity under the leadership of the Higher Attestation Commission under the President of the Republic of Azerbaijan. The commission, periodically reviewing the list of academic staff specialties, looks at the dissertation councils network and makes changes. Dissertation councils are responsible for the quality and objectivity of the examination of dissertations, as well as the perception of the decisions taken. At the same time, they must ensure that the dissertation work is in conformity with the requirements set out in the regulations on the granting of scientific degrees. Dissertation councils operate in publicity. His colleagues from the educational and scientific organizations are well informed about his meetings. During all his activities, the dissertation councils should help to create the most favorable conditions for researchers to defend their dissertations. The researcher should be allowed to get acquainted with all the materials related to the dissertation defense at the dissertation council and receive specialized assistance from the board's supervisor on matters relating to the defense of the dissertation. PhD students in philosophy and physics are the main forms of post-graduate education. Their main purpose is to develop scientific creativity of people who want to engage in scientific and pedagogical activity and prepare them for their scientific, pedagogical activity. The dissertation for the completed and defended dissertation can be submitted to the dissertation council on the relevant specialty for the final and open defense.

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