**Abbasov Elnur\_Beynəlxalq biznes**

1. What is regional economic integration?
2. Do regional trade agreements promote free trade?
3. Why should countries integrate their economies?
4. What limits efforts at integration?
5. Is the euro a good thing?
6. What are the problems inside the MERCOSUR?
7. What does economic integration mean for managers?
8. How do cultural differences affect international business?
9. How are culture, society, and the nation-state related?
10. What determines culture?
11. How does culture impact the workplace?
12. What do cultural differences mean for managers?
13. Economic systems. Determinants of economic development.
14. Economic development. The nature of economic transformation.
15. Political systems. Collectivism and Individualism.
16. Political systems. Democracy and Totalitarianism.
17. Legal Systems. Differences in contract law.
18. Legal Systems. Property rights and corruption.
19. Legal Systems. Product safety and product liability.
20. What is the relationship between political economy and economic progress?
21. The spread of democracy. The new world order and global terrorism.
22. Global market entry strategies. Target market selection
23. Market entry modes in international business.
24. Choosing the mode of entry. Licensing and Franchising
25. Choosing the mode of entry. Contract manufacturing and Joint ventures
26. Choosing the mode of entry. Export and Strategic alliances
27. International marketing plan
28. The current state and future development of the service industry
29. Service export
30. [The role of international organizations in international business](http://www.tradeready.ca/2017/topics/researchdevelopment/role-international-organizations-international-business-law/)
31. International organizations. UN
32. International organizations. WTO
33. International organizations. UNCTAD
34. International organizations. World Customs Organization
35. International organizations. UNCITRAL
36. International organizations. International Chamber of Commerce
37. International organizations. International Organization for Standardization
38. WTO. GATS and TRIPS
39. WTO. GATT and Dispute settlement
40. Market entry timing and exit strategies
41. How can firms leverage their products and competencies?
42. Why are location economies and experience effects important?
43. How Does Strategy Evolve?
44. Which strategy should a firm choose?
45. International human resources management. Etnosentrizm
46. International human resources management. Polisentrizm
47. International human resources management. Geosentrizm
48. International human resources management. Regiosentrizm
49. International human resources management. “Michigan Model”
50. International human resources management. “Harvard Model”
51. Uppsala model
52. Porter’s five forces model
53. Azerbaijan in international business. Foreign trade problems of Azerbaijan
54. Azerbaijan in international business. Azerbaijan and WTO
55. Azerbaijan in international business. Foreign direct investment
56. New Horizons in international business. Changing business environment
57. New Horizons in international business. Globalization
58. New Horizons in international business. Trade negotiations
59. New Horizons in international business. Government policy
60. New Horizons in international business. International business management

**61-75**. Practical issues