**Beynəlxalq İqtisadiyyat Mərtəbi**

**Xətti cəbr və riyazi analiz**

1. Definition of functions.
2. Domain of a function.
3. Monotonous functions.
4. Convex and concave functions.
5. The concept of a composite function
6. Domain of functions.
7. Range of functions.
8. Sketching the graph.
9. Vectors and their properties.
10. Operations with vectors.
11. Linear vector space
12. Scalar product of vectors.
13. Linear dependence of vectors. Basis and rank of a system of vectors.
14. Decomposition of a vector by a basis.
15. Matrices.
16. Addition and subtraction of matrices.
17. Multiplication of matrices.
18. Inverse matrices.
19. Identity matrix.
20. Minors of matrices.
21. Definitions of determinants.
22. Operations of determinants. Properties of determinants.
23. Minors of a matrix.
24. Rank of a matrix and a system of vectors.
25. Transpose matrix.
26. General form of a system of linear equations.
27. Matrix form of a system of linear equations.
28. Cramer’s method. Gauss-Jordan Elimination. method.
29. Homogeneous Systems
30. Solving homogeneous systems of linear equations.
31. Fundamental system of solutions.
32. Eugene values and Eugene vectors of linear transformation.
33. Sequences.
34. Limit of sequences.
35. Limit of functions.
36. Wonderful limits.
37. Definition of continuity.
38. Operations on continuous functions.
39. Continuity of elementary functions.
40. Discontinuities of a function.
41. Classification of the points of discontinuity of a function.
42. Derivative of function.
43. Derivatives of higher order.
44. Definition of differential .
45. The geometrical meaning of the differential.
46. Use of the limit definition to find the derivative of a function
47. Applications of Differentiation.
48. The properties of differentials. The table of differentials.
49. L’Hospital rule.
50. Teylor formula.
51. Monotonicity of a function: intervals of increase and decrease.
52. Extremum of a function.
53. The greatest and least values of a function.
54. Convexity: the intervals of convexity and concavity.
55. Points of inflexion.
56. Scheme of investigation of a function.
57. Indefinite integral.
58. The table of indefinite integrals.
59. Main properties ogf indefinite integral.
60. Main methods of integrating.
61. Definite integral.
62. Newton-Leibnits formula of integral calculus.
63. Properties of definite integral.
64. Definition of function of several variables.
65. Domain of functions of several variables.
66. Total and partial increment of the function several variables.
67. Limit of function of several variables.
68. Continuity. Partial derivatives.
69. The total differential of the function several variables.
70. Partial derivatives of higher orders.
71. Derivative of a composite function of several variables.
72. Local extremum.
73. Necessary and sufficient conditions of extremum.
74. Constrained extremum.
75. Application of calculus methods to economics.